CHERSTVOVA, A.Ya.; GADALIN, Yu.I.

The Links of a Confidential Management of the International American Americ

Use of albichthyol-hexachloran paste in controlling fly larvae. Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun 28 no.2:140 F '57 (MLRA 10:4)

1. Iz Kuybyshevskoy oblastnoy i Syzranskoy gorodskoy sanitarnoepidemiologicheskikh stantsiy. (FLIES AS CARRIERS OF DISEASE) (BENZENE HEXACHLORIDE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

GADALIN, Yu.I.; GERSHKOVICH, N.L.; GORCHAKOVSKAYA, N.N.; LEVIT, A.B.

**Reterminating Ixodes persulcatus Sch., the carrier of tick-borne encephalitis, in its natural habitat [with summery in English].

Biul.MOIP. Odd.biol. 62 no.2:43-49 Mr-Ap '57. (MIRA 10:8)

(TICKS AS CARRIERS OF DISEASE) (INSECTICIDES)

LEVIT, A.B.; GADALIN, Yu.I.; DEM'YANOV, M.G.

Use of polychlorpinene for airplane spraying of large forest areas against Ixodes persulcatus ticks in the Kuybysehv region in 1959-1960. Med.paraz.i paraz.bol. no.3:315-317 '61.

(MIRA 149)

1. Iz Kuybyshevskoy oblastnoy sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsii (glavnyy vrach N.A. Popova).

(TICKS) (PINENE)

(KUYEYSHEV PROVINCE—AERONAUTICS IN PUBLIC HEALTH)

TIMOPEYEVA, L.V.; MITROFANOV, A.M.; RASHITSIN, S.P.; TUPITSIN, L.F.; GADALIN, Yu.I.

TO THE MENTER PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY OF THE

Experimental use of antilarval measures in the control of black flies (Diptera, Simuliidae) along the Angara River at the construction site of the Bratsk Hydroelectric Poser Station; a preliminary report. Med. paraz. i paraz. bol. 32 no.1:65-71 Ja-F'63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Iz entomologicheskogo otdela (zav. - prof. V.!. Beklemishev. [deceased]) i otdela entomotoksikologii (zav. - prof. V.A. Nabokov) Instituta meditsinskoy parazitologii i tropicheskoy meditsiny imeni Ye.I. Martsinovskogo (dir. - prof. P.G. Sergiyev) Ministerstva zdravockhraneniya SSSR.

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

L 20271-65 AMD Pb-4 ACJESSION NR: AR4045868

s/0299/64/000/014/m024/m024

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Biologiya. Svodnywy tom, Abs. 14M157

AUTION: Lapchinskiy, A. G.; Medvedeva, G. V.; Gadalina, I. D.; Suslikov, V. I.; Eyngorn, A. G.

TITLE: Skin and mammary gland homoplasty with parabiosis of donor ar. : acidient in rats

CITED SOURCE: Sb. 3 Vses. konferentsiya po peresadke tkaney 1 organov, 1963. Yerevan, 1963, 365-367

TOPIC TAGS: skin, mammary gland, homoplasty, parabiosis, rat, hyperplasia, transplantation

T ALGLATION: Parabiosis in young rats leads to the development of the total control of the several and the same of the experiments nonrelated rats taken from different vivariums were joined in parabiosis by forming a skin or action muscle builds between the parabiosis by forming a skin or skin-muscle bridge between the partners. A flap from the back of one of the rate served as a transplant on the partner's stomach, and a

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ACCESSION NR: AR4045868

flap from the latter's stomach served as a transplant on the back of the other rat. The difficulty of forming parabiosis in adult rats (because they constantly try to separate themselves from one another) and the seriousness of the operation led to a high percentage of postoperative deaths. Many rats died on the lith to 15th days. Hyperplasia of the spleen and lymph nodes was found in the dead animals. However, the reason for sloughing off of transplant and death of animal could not always be found: perhaps it could be incompatibility of tissues or infection. Only 7 pairs of rats lived more than 20 days in parabiosis. In some of these a gradual crowding out of the transplant by the recipient's own tissues was found. Maximum life expectancy of rats in parabiosis is 6 mos. In one case when one partner died, the homotransplant on the back of the other partner remained intact. This transplant contained a mammary gland which 7 mos after transplantation secreted a small quantity of milk.

SUB CODE: LS

ENCL: 00

Cord 2/2

- 1. GADALOV, A. A.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Machinery Industry Accounting
- 7. Use of tabulating machines in the keeping of inventory records on machine parts. Avt. trakt. prom. no. 9, 152.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953, Unclassified.

GADALOV, A.A.

Production control at the Moscow automobile plant. Avt.trakt.prom. no.8:4-8 Ag 153. (MLRA 6:8)

1. Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Stalina.

(Automobile industry)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

L 1728-66 FSS-2/EWT(1)/EEC(m)/FS(v)-3 TT/GW

ACCESSION NR: AP5021009

UR/0203/65/005/004/0781/0783 550.38

AUTHOR: Mineyev, Yu. V.; Sanin, A. A.; Savin, B. I.; Gadalov, A. N.

TITLE: System for measuring weak currents used on the Electron-2 and Electron-4 satellites

SOURCE: Geomagnetizm i aeronomiya, v. 5, no. 4, 1965, 781-783

TOPIC TAGS: particle detector, detection system / Electron 2, Electron 4

ABSTRACT: A circuit used for the detection of currents caused by low-energy charged particles is described. The block diagram of the circuit is shown in Fig. 1 of Enclosure. The circuit operates as follows: The impinging particles are stored on the collector for approximately 120 sec at which time, a RP-5 polarized relay closes the contact on command and connects the charged capacitor C to the rest of the circuit. Damped oscillations with a natural frequency of approximately 70 kc are established in the circuit. The waveform is amplified in a nonlinear amplifier and applied to a threshold circuit (Schmidt trigger). Depending on the initial charge stored on C and the threshold level, the number of pulses at the output are directly proportional to the particle current. Accuracy is controlled by the periodic discharge of a reference capacitor previously charged from the power supply.

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ACCESSION NR: AP5021009

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The circuit is temperature stabilized; the number of recorded impinging particles does not vary by more than ±1 in the temperature range of -25 to + 45C. The minimum detectable current is 2 x 10⁻¹⁵ amp when the capacitor is charged for 100 sec. The dynamic range of the detector is 10³. During the charging period, the active circuits are disconnected from the power source. This reduces the power consumption of the circuit to 0.2 w. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 formula.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. Institut yadernoy fiziki (Moscow State University. Institute of Nuclear Physics)

SUBMITTED: 220ct64

ENCL: 01

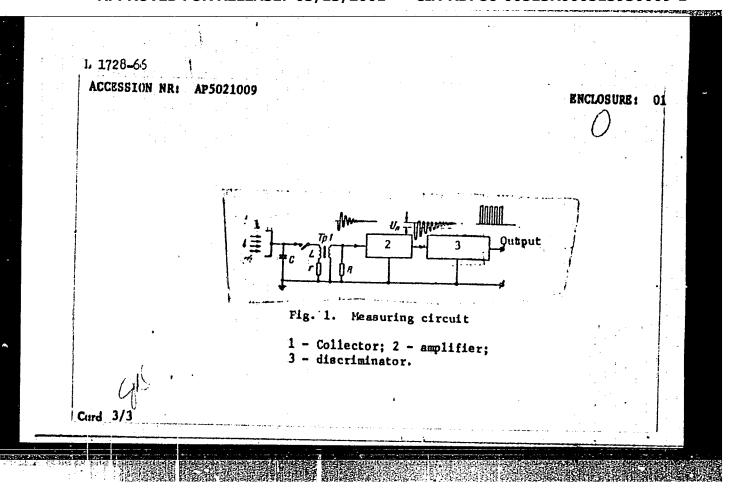
· SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 000

ATD PRESS:4096

Card_ 2/3



1.15793-66 EWI(1)/EWA(h)

ACC NR: AP6002288

SOURCE CODE: UR/018E/65/000/006/0079/0080

AUTHOR: Gadalov, A. N.; Mineyev, Yu. V.; Rapoport, I. D.

ORG: NIIYaF

TITLE: Linear gating device

SCURCE: Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriya III. Fizika, astronomiya, no. 6, 1965, 79-80

TOPIC TAGS: pulse analyzer, gate signal, nuclear physics apparatus

ABSTRACT: A linear gate, employing two identical cascaded stages, with a large dynamic range capable of passing <u>pulses</u> of the order of 1 µsec is described. The second stage helps to reduce the effect of the trigger pulse on the output and creep—through by the gated signal. Since two of the transistors in the gate circuit are strongly saturated in the closed state and hence respond relatively slowly, the input pulse is delayed by about 0.2-0.3 µsec and its front is stretched. This disadvantage can be largely eliminated by using high speed transistors. The gate can pass higher level input signals if the power supply voltage is raised. It

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UDC: 539.1.075

for assistance in the work. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. SUB CODE: 18, 20,09/ SUBH DATE: 26Feb65/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 000 Card 2/2	:	word	NR: cs at assis	-2!0 t	to +45°C.	In co	onclusi	on the au	uthors express t	hanks t	o I. A. Sav	enko.	
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EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWG(m)/T/EWA(h) LJP(c) L 21,603-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/001/0100/0106 ACC NR. AP6007817 AUTHOR: Grigorov, N. L.; Gadalov, A. N.; Mineyev, Yu. V.; Rapoport, I. D.; Savenko, I. A. ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Nuclear Physics, Moscow State University (NII yadernoy fiziki MGU) TITLE: Pulse-height recording and logarithmic conversion of pulse heights in the 104-105 dynamic range SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 1, 1966, 100-106 TOPIC TAGS: pulse recording, cosmic ray measurement ABSTRACT: Intended for modern high-energy cosmic-ray investigations, a new logarithmic pulse-height converter covers a dynamic range up to 10⁵ by means of an automatic conversion-scale change. The instrument error remains constant (10%) throughout the range. The logarithmic pulse-height-into-number conversion is effected by an oscillatory circuit tuned to the input pulses; the dynamic range of this circuit is 1000. A block diagram and a principal circuit of the transistorized pulse-Card 1/2 UDC: 621.384.387

L 21603-60 ACC NR: AP6007817 height converter are explained, and technical data on the principal parts is given. Also, the linear pulse gate, preamplifier, and control and scale-change circuit are described. Stable operation of the converter within -20+50C is claimed. A pulse-height discriminator circuit was suggested by A. S. Melioranskiy. "The authors wish to thank A. A. Sanin for his useful advice." Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 2 formulas. [03] SUB CODE: 18, 09 / SUBM DATE: 03Feb65 / ORIG REF: 005/ ATD PRESS: 42/8

ACC NR. AF6034232

SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/005/0144/0146

AUTHOR: Gadalov, A. N.; Mineyev, Yu. V.; Rapoport, I. D.

ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Nuclear Physics, MGU (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut yadernoy fiziki MGU)

TITLE: Logarithmic amplitude to digital converter based on a damped oscillating circuit

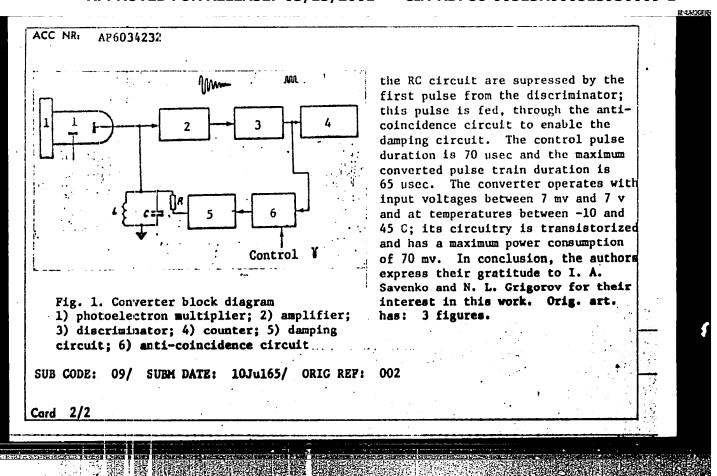
SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 5, 1966, 144-146

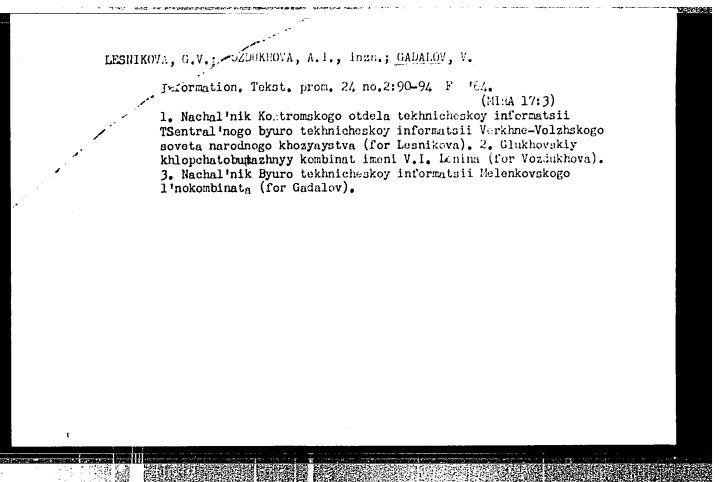
TOPIC TAGS: analog digital converter, transistorized circuit, circuit design

ABSTRACT: A logarithmic amplitude-to-digital converter that converts amplitudes of scintillation pulses into a number of pulses is described. The converter (see Fig. 1) consists of a photoelectron multiplier (1), an amplifier (2), a discriminator (3), an LC tank circuit, a damping circuit (5), an anti-coincidence circuit (6), and a counter (4). Current pulses at the anode of the photoelectric multiplier excite damped 1-Mc oscillations in the turned LC tank circuit; the oscillations are amplified and applied to the discriminator where serial pulses are formed. The number of serial pulses is proportional to the amplitude of the oscillations. The counter is switched on when a control pulse is applied to the anti-coincidence circuit, i.e., the control pulse blocks the damping circuit. In the absence of a control pulse oscillations in

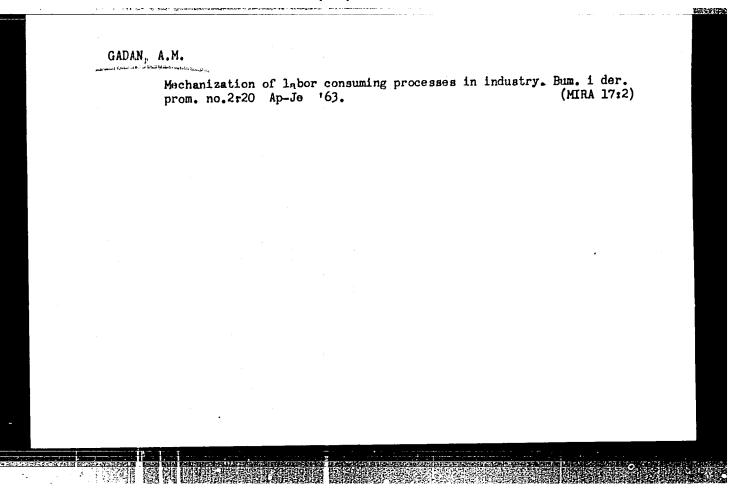
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UDC: 621.314.2





Mechanizi prom. no.	ng the conveying 1:46-47 Ja-Mr '6	and unloading of 3.	peat. Bum. i der. (MIRA 16:	7)
	(Peat ma	chinery)		



GADAN, A.M.

Mechanizing the conveying of latex to the plant. Bum. 1 der.
prom. no.4:37 O-D '63. (MIRA 17:3)

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GADANSKI, Branislav; JANKOVIC, Ivan

Biological basis of radiotherapy in otorhinolaryngology. Srpski arh. celok. lek. 91 no.1:53-56 Ja 163.

l. Radioloski institut Medicinskog fakulteta Univerziteta u Beogradu Upravnik: prof. dr. Bogoljub Bosnjakovic. (OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY) (RADIOTHERAPY)

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

KASPEN, L.A.; SHELKOVSKIY, V.M.; GADASHEVICH, A.M.; BASHINSKIY, S.V., retsensent; PERNYATIN, A.Z., spetsredaktor; ROKHLIN, I., redaktor; YUNOVSKIY, Ye., takhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Time and wage rate standards for general construction work] Mormy wremeni i rastsenki na obshchestroitel nye raboty. Izd. 2-e, ispr. Kiev, Exd-vo Akademii arkhitektury USSR, 1954. 555 p. (MLRA 8:2)

(Building) (Wages)

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KASFIN, Lev Abramovich; SMIRNOV, Boris Konstantinovich; GADASIEVICH,
Arna Mikhaylovna; PERNYATIN, Aleksandr Zinov'yevich; BASHMINSKIY,
S.V., retsenzent; GOBERMAN, M.D., spets. red.; SOSNOVSKAYA, G.I.,
red.; BEREZOVSKIY, N.I., tekhn. red.

[Industrial norms, wage rates, and specifications for construction and assembly work; general construction operations] Proizvodstvennye normy, rastsenki i pravila na stroitel'no-montazhnye raboty; obshchestroitel'nye raboty. Izd.5., dop. i ispr. Kiev, Gosstroizdat USSR, 1961. 1025 p. (MIRA 15:7)

(Building—Handbooks, manuals, etc.)

KASPIN, L.A.; MENDELEVICH, I.R. [deceased]; PERNYATIN, A.Z.; GADASHEVICH, A:M.; BASHINSKIY, S.V., retsenzent; GOBERMAN, N.D., spetsred; PRESMAN, S., red.; BEREZOVSKIY, N., tekhn.red.

[Production standards, wages, and regulations for construction and fitting work; general construction] Proisvodstvennye normy, rastsenki i pravila na stroitel'no-montashnye raboty; obshchestroitel'nye raboty. Izd. 2., perer. Kiev, Gos.isd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhit. USSR, 1958. 932 p. (MIRA 12:7) (Construction industry)

KASPIN, L.A.; MENDELEVICH, I.R. [deceased]; PERNYATIN, A.Z.; QADASHEVICH, A.M.; BASHINSKIY, S.V., retsenzent; GOBERMAN, M.D., spetsred.; FRESMAN, S., red.; BEREZOVSKIY, N., tekhn.red.

[Production norms, estimates, and specifications for building and assembling operations; general construction] Proizvodstvennye normy, rastsenki i pravila na stroitel'no-montazhnye raboty; obshchestroitel'nye raboty. Izd.3., perer. Kiev. Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhit. USSR, 1959. 954 p. (MIRA 12:12) (Construction industry)

MASHIN, Lev Abramovich; SMIRNOV, Boris Konstantinovich; GADASHEVICH,
Anna Mikhaylovna; PENNYATIN, Aleksandr Zinov'yevich;
BASHINSKIY; S.V., retsenzent; [deceased]; GOBERMAN, M.D.,
spets. red.; SOSNOVSKAYA, G.I., red.; BEREZOVSKIY, N.I., tekhn.red.

[Production norms, estimates, and regulations for construction
and assembly operations; general construction operations]Proizvodstvennye normy rastsenki i pravila na stroitel'no-montahnye
raboty; obshchestroitel'nye raboty. Izd.6., dop. i ispr. Kiev,
Gosstroiizdat USSR, 1962. 1025 p.

(Construction industry)

KASPIN, Lev Abramovich; GADASHEVICH, Anna Mikhaylovna; PERNYATIN, Aleksandr Zinov'yevich; GOHARMAN, M.D., spets. red.; SOKOLOV, I.A., red.

[Production norms, estimates, and regulations for construction and assembly operations; general construction operations]
Proizvodstvennye normy, rastsenki i pravila na stroitel'ncomontazhnye raboty; obshchestroitel'nye raboty. Izd.8., Kiev, Budivel'nyk, 1965. 1075 p. (MIKA 18:8)

SEDOV, M.P., insh.; GADASIN, A.G., insh.

Self-propelled machine for smoothing and compacting concrete mixes. Gidr.stroi. 30 no.1:50-51 Ja '60.

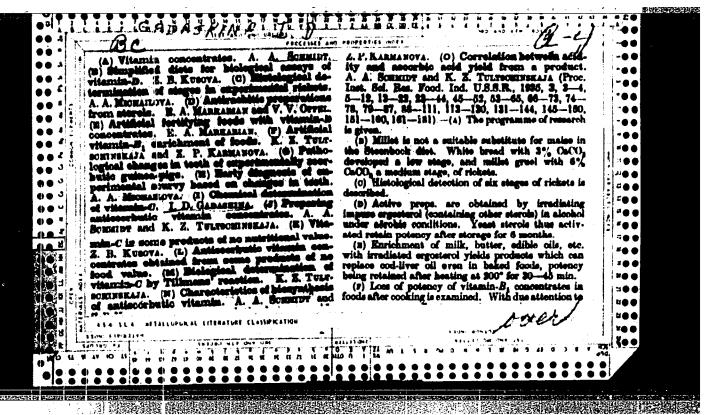
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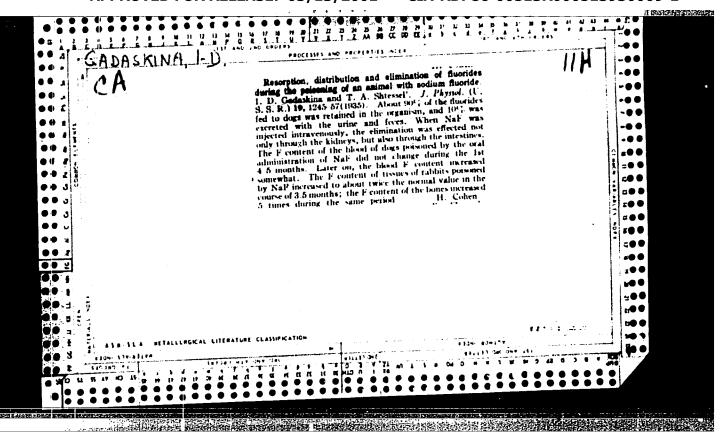
(Concrete construction--Equipment and supplies)

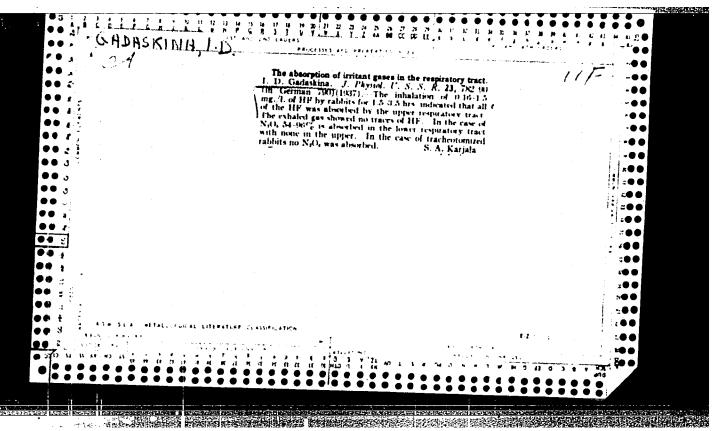
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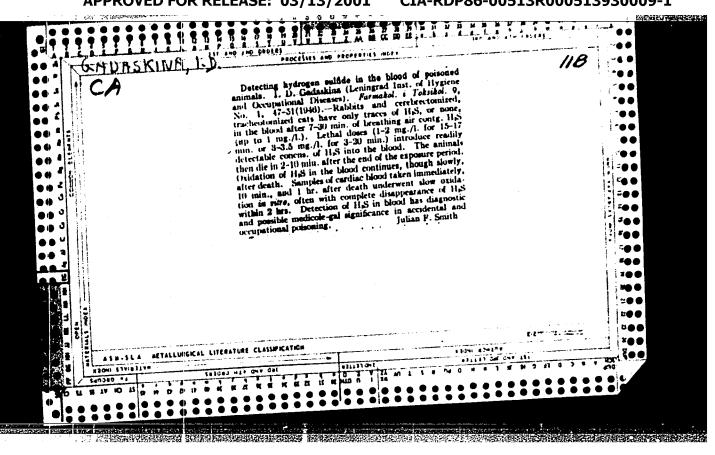
GADISIN M.M.; GELLERT, I.V.; LYCHAGIN, Ya.Ya.; ROZA, L.I.; BURSHTEYN, I.Ye., laureat Stalinskoy premii; kandidat tekhnicheskikh nank, retsenzent; KOTLYAROV, M.Z., inzhener, retsenzent; MARTYNOV, N.P., inzhener, redaktor; POPOVA, S.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Files; design and manufacture] Mapil'niki; konstruktsiia i izgotovlenie. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1951. 236 p.
(Files and rasps) (MLRA 8:2)







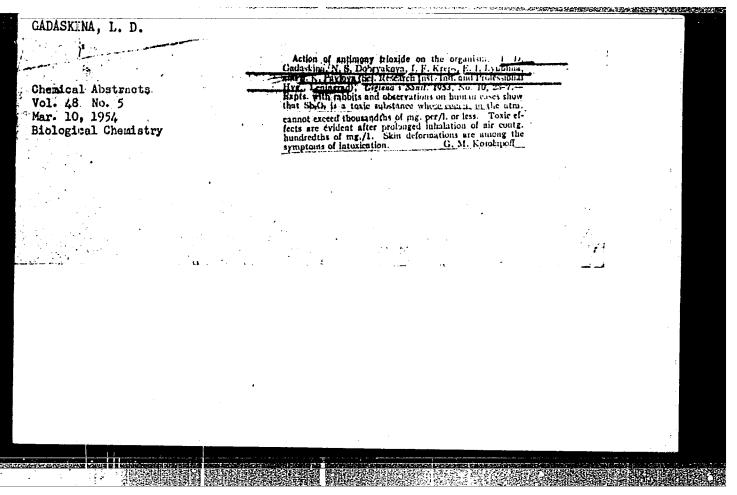


GADASKINA, I.D.

Expiration of volatile narcotics through the upper respiratory tract. Fiziol. sh. SSSR 38 no.4:496-499 July-Aug 1952. (CIML 23:2)

1. Toxicological Laboratory of Leningrad Institute of Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"



ZAKABUNINA, N.S.;

GADASKINA, I.D., doktor biologicheskikh nauk, zaveduyushchaya;

LAZAREV, N.V., professor, zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki, nauchnyy rukovoditel'.

Effect of minimal doses of aniline applied to the skin of rabbits. Farm.

i toks. 16 no.2:40-42 Mr-Ap '53. (MLRA 6:6)

1. Toksikologicheskays laboratoriya Leningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel'-skogo instituta gigieny truda i profzabolevaniy.

(Aniline--Physiological effect)

ILAZAREV, N.V.; ALEKSANDROV, I.S.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I.; AKKERBERG, I.I.; ZAKABUNINA, M.S.; GADASKINA, I.D.; DORNTAKOVA, N.S.; KEEPS, I.F.; KARASIK, V.M.; LIVINA, E.H.; IMPISHEVSKIY, S.L.; YEOGROV, N.M.; RYLOVA, M.L., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KARPOV, B.D.; ANDERYXV, V.V.; LYKHIMA, Ye.T.; ZAMESHAYEVA, G.I.; ANISIMOV, A.N.; FRIDLYAND, I.G.; DANEYSKAYA, O.L.; BOGOVSKIY, P.A.; TIUNOV, L.A.; MIKHEL'SON, M.Ta.; ABRAMOVA, En.I., GRIGOR'YEVA, L.M.; KLINSKAYA, K.S.

Third Leningrad conference on the problems of industrial toxicology.

Farm.i toks. 16 no.2:59-62 Mr-Ap '53. (MIRA 6:6)

(Poisons)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

GADASKINA, I., prof.

On the article "Proposed new sanitation standards in planning industrial enterprises" by N.S. Isaev and others. Gig.truda i prof.zab 2 no.2157 Mr-Ap'58 (MIRA 11:6)

1. Rukovoditel' toksilogicheskoy laboratorii Instituta gigiyeny truda AMN SSSR.

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE)

GADASKINA, I.D.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I.; MINKINA, N.A.; RYLOVA, M.L. (Leningrad)

Some data on the influence on the animal organism of carbon monoxide under conditions of continuous and intermittent action. Gig.truda i prof.zab. no.11:13-18 *61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gigiyeny truda i profzabolevaniy.

(CARBON MONOXIDE--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

ABRAMCVA, Zh.I.; BRUSILOVSKAYA, A.I.; CADASKINA, I.D.; GOLUBEV, A.A.;

CRIGOR'YEV, Z.E.; DANIGHEVSKIY, S.L.; KOVNATSKIY, M.A.; KOYRANSKIY, B.B.;

LAZAREV, N.V.; LEVIHA, E.N.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I.; LYKHINA, Ye.T.; OSIPOV,

B.S.; RYLOVA, M.L.; RUSIN, V.Ya.; SLONIM, A.D.; FRIDLYAND, I.G.

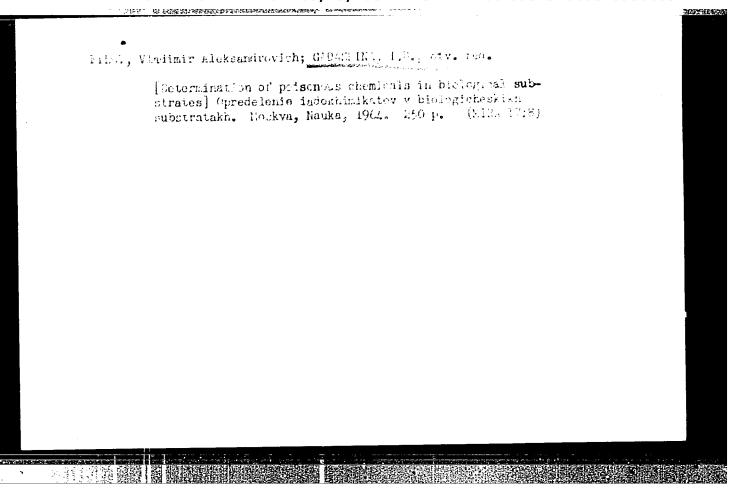
Il'ia Stepanovich Aleksandrov. Farm.i toks. 24 no.1:127 Ja-F '61.

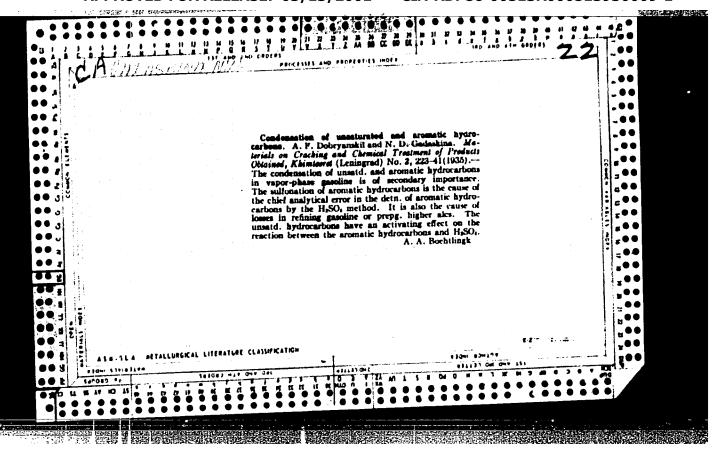
(MIRA 14:5)

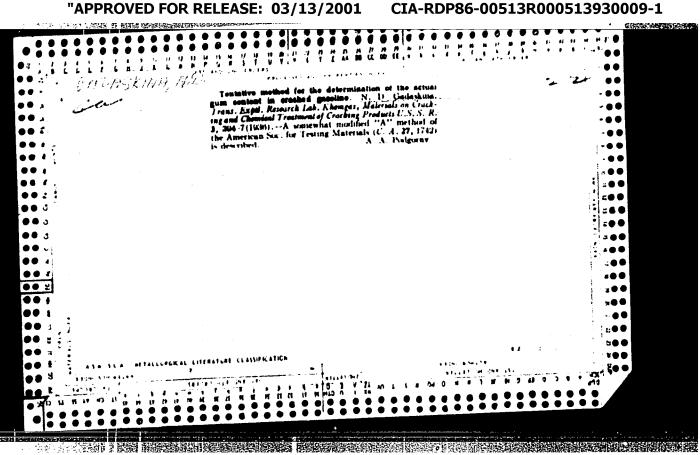
(ALEKSANDROV, IL'IA STEPANOVICH, 1902-1960)

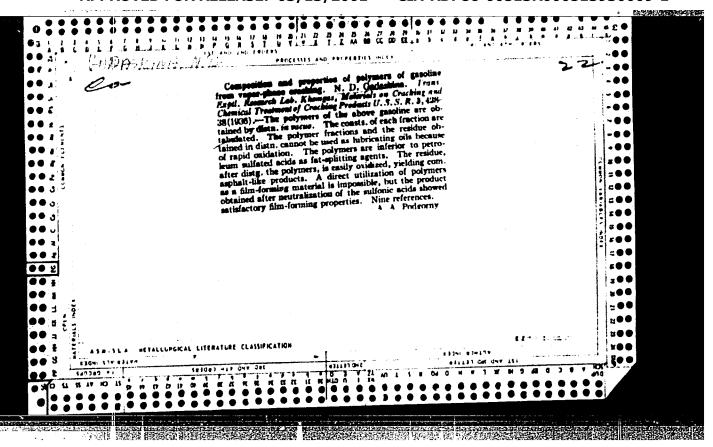
ABRAMOVA, Zh.I., kand. med. nauk; GADASKINA, I.D., prof.; GOLUBEV, A.A., kand. med. nauk; DANISHEVSKIY, S.L., prof.; ZIL'BER, Yu.D., kand. med. nauk; LAZAREV, L.N., kand. khim. nauk; LEVINA, E.N., doktor med. nauk; LOYT, A.O.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I., doktor biol. nauk; LYKHINA, Ye.T., kand. biol. nauk; MINKINA, N.A., kand. med. nauk; RUSIN, V.Ya., kand. med. nauk; SALYAMON, L.S., kand. med. nauk; SPERANSKIY, S.V., TRAKHTENBERG, I.M., dots.; FILOV, V.A., kand. biol. nauk; TSIRK, K.G., kand. med. nauk; CHEKUNOVA. M.P., kand. med. nauk; GRIVA, Z.I., red.; LAZAREV, N.V., zasl.deyat.nauki, prof., red.; LEVIN, S.S., tekhn. red.; BASINA, M.Z., tekhn. red.

[Toxic industrial substances; handbook for chemists, engineers and physicians] Vrednye veshchestva v promyshlennosti; spravochnik dlia khimikov, inzhenerov i vrachei. Izd.4., perer.i dop. Leningrad, Goskhimizdat. Pt.2.[Inorganic and metallogranic compounds] Neorganicheskie i elementorganicheskie sogdineniia. 1963. 619 p. (MIRA 17:2)









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CADASKIAA, A R

- AUTHORS: Afanas'ev, I.D., Gadaskina, N.D., Remiz E.K., Rudkovskiy,
- TITLE: Complex esters from products of oxosynthesis and other products of chemical processing of hydrocarbons. (Slozhnye efiry iz produktov oksosinteza i drugikh produktov khimi-cheskoy pererabotki uglevodorodov).
- PERIODICAL: "Khimiya i Tekhnologiya Topliva i Masel" (Chemistry and Technology of Fuels and Lubricants) 1957, No.6, pp.16-25,
- ABSTRACT: An experimental work on the synthesis of a series of complex esters and determination of their properties is described. The following raw materials were used:

 1) Monohydroxy alcohols from oxosynthesis; dihydroxy alcohols obtained in a treatment of unsaturated gaseous hydrocarbons; di- and trihydroxy alcohols condensation products of propionic and butyric aldehydes with formal dehyde.

 2) monocarboxylic fatty acids, obtained by oxidation of paraffins and by oxidation of aldehydes from oxosynthesis; dicarboxylic acids of fatty and aromatic series. Technical mixtures were mainly used so that technical mixtures of esters were obtained. Esterification was carried out on Card 1/4 boiling of mixtures of acid, alcohol, catalyst and oxygen,

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

Complex esters from products of oxosynthesis and other products of chemical processing of hydrocarbons. (Cont.) the latter being used for the removal of water from the reaction zone. As catalysts zinc oxide and β-naphthalenesulpho acid (prepared as in ref.5, Witt, Ber., v.48, p.751, 1915) were used in a proportion of 0.3-0.5% of the reaction mixture. In order to prevent the formation of incompletely substituted esters the monobasic component was usually in excess (125-150%) of the di or tri-basic component. Esters of monohydroxy alcohols from oxosynthesis and acids obtained by oxidation of paraffins are given in table 1'. Esters of mono-hydroxy alcohols (from C4 to C10) and acids from excepthesis $(C_4 - C_9)$ are given in table 2. As the esters obtained possess a low solidification temperature and a relatively flat viscosity curve, they are suitable as components of lubricating materials. In order to increase their viscosity additions of high molecular polymer esters can be used. As an example the viscosity of the isobutyl ester of isobutyric acid with an addition of polybutylmethacrylate (0-20%) is given in table 3. Esters of dihydroxy alcohols and acids obtained by oxidation of paraffins are given in table 4. Esters of dihydroxy Card 2/4 alcohols and acids obtained by oxosynthesis are given in

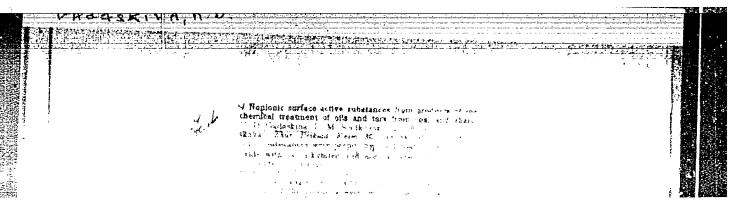
Complex esters from products of oxosynthesis and other products of chemical processing of hydrocarbons. (Cont.) table 5. Esters of trihydroxy alcohols and normal acids (including those obtained by oxidation of paraffins) are given in table 6. Esters of trihydroxy alcohols and acids from exosynthesis - table 7. Complex esters of adipic and phthalic acids and primary alcohols (from C_4 to C_{18}), secondary hexyl alcohol, mono- and triethylene glycol were also obtained. Esters of adipic acids and monohydroxy alcohols are given in table 8. The influence of the structure of the alcohol component on the solidification temperature of adipic acid esters is shown in table 9. Phthalic esters of mono-hydroxy alcohols are given in table 10. Data on adipic and phthalic acid esters of dihydroxy alcohols are given in the text. The following data are given in tables: starting components, boiling range of esters, specific gravity, molecular weight, volatility %, viscosity, temperatures of turbidity and loss of fluidity, acid on saponification numbers. For comparison literature data on molecular weight, viscosity and solidification temperature of a number of esters are given in table 11. It is concluded that from synthesised products the following are of practical Card 3/4 interest: esters of butyleneglycol, diethylene- and

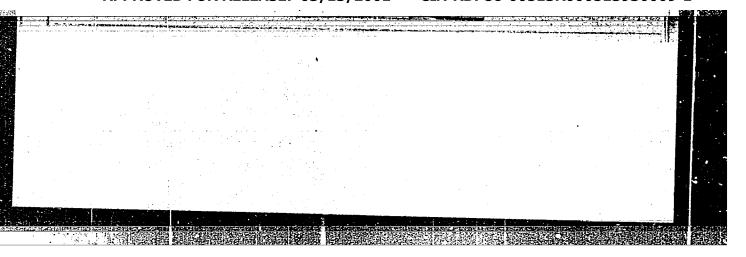
Complex esters from products of oxosynthesis and other products of chemical processing of hydrocarbons. (Cont.) triethylene glycol and fatty acids (C6 and above) of normal or branched structure; b) esters of methyl- and ethylmethylolmethane and fatty acids (C_6 and above) of normal and branched structure; c) esters of adipic acid and iso alcohols (C6 and above); particularly good results were obtained with alcohols with the most branched hydrocarbon chain; and d) esters of phthalic acid and iso alcohols (C4 It was established that as a starting raw and above). material for the production of complex esters with one complex ester grouping and possessing a low solidification temperature, the products of oxo-synthesis can be used. Certain fractions of fatty acids of normal structure, obtained by oxidation of paraffins as well as acids from oxosynthesis can be used for the production of complex esters of poly-hydroxy alcohols (di and triol). Technical mixtures of alcohols and acids can be used for the production of complex esters. The required mean properties of esters can be obtained by selection of corresponding fractions from mixtures of complex esters produced. There are 11 tables and 7 references including 4 Slavic. Len NII.

ASSOC: Len NII. AVAILABLE:

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VVEDENSKIY, A.A., otv.red.; MOLDAVSKIY, B.L., nauchnyy red.; BARKOVSKIY, I.V., vedushchiy red.; ALEKSEYEVA, K.A., red.; GADASKINA, N.D., red.; DEMENT'YEVA, M.I., red.; KAGANOVA, B.M., red.; KOBELEV, V.A., red.; LEVIN, S.Z., red.; POKORSKIY, V.N., red.; TEODOROVICH, V.P., red.; SHMULYAKOVSKIY, Ya.E., red.; GENNAD'YEVA, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Collection of reports of scientific research carried out between 1950 and 1957] Sbornik referatov nauchno-issledovatel'skikh rabet, vypolnennykh v 1950-1957 gg. Leningrad, Gos.nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neft. i gorno-toplivnoi lit-ry, leningr.otd-nie, 1958. 158 p. (MIRA 12:9)

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(Petroleum research)

GADASKINA, M.D.; REMIZ. Ye.K.; HULKOVKIY, D.M.; Prinimali uchastiye:

Products from the condensation of polyatomic alcohols with ethylene oxide, and esters of these products. Zhur. prikl. khim. 33
no.9:2132-2135 S 160. (NIRA 13:10)

(Thylene oxide) (Alcohols)

(Condensation products (Chemistry))

GADASKINA, N.D.; PIAKSA, Kh.L.; RUDKOVSKIY, D.M.

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonates based on coal-chemical materials.
Khim.1 tekh. topl.i masel 6 no.2:10-16 F '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut neftekhimicheskikh protsessov.

(Bensenesulfonic acid)
(Coke industry-By-products)

NEGREYEV, V.F.; MANAKHOVA, T.Kh.; GADASKINA, N.D.; RUDKOVSKIY, D.M.;

Inhibitors for protecting oil well equipment against corrosion.

Neft.khoz. 39 no.8:42-49 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:7)

(Corrosion and anticorrosives) (Oil wells—Equipment and supplies)

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23-27 My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:7)

1. Klinika glaznykh bolezney (zav. - prof. M.N. Bugulov) i gospitalinaya khirurgicheskaya klinika (zav. - prof. G.L. Shapiro) Severo(EYH, surg.
anesth., endotracheal (Rus))

(ENDOTRACHEAL ANSSTHESIA
in eye surg. (Mus))

MATEESCU, Dan, prof. ing.; FLESERIU, I.; FLESERIU, E.; GADEANU, L.; BOTA, V.; ROSU, D.; FILIMON, I.; MAIOR, N.; IZDRAILA, V.; PAUNESCU, M.; ROSA, Sidonia

Economical, technical and scientific study on the construction of some apartment houses with metallic framework of light elements. Pt. 1-3. Bul St si Tehn Tim 7:287-321 162.

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Study of a joining by superposition performed with a seam of unilateral welding stressed to stretching. Bul St si Tehn Tim 9 no.1;277-285 Ja-Je '64.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Chemical Technology. Drainage Waters.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 12, 1958, 40052.

Author : Gadek, Stukhlik. Not given.

Title. : Fluoridation of Water as a Hygienic Problem.

Orig Pub: Voda, 1957, 36, No 9, 240-242.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card 1/1

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SURGALE, Given Names

Country: Poland

Academic Degrees: Inot given7

Affiliation:

Source: Warsaw, Postepy Higienv 1 Medycyny Doswiadczalnei, Vol XV, No 3, 1961, pp 323-330.

Data: "Studies on the Determination of Hypophyseal Gonadotropine in Uri

Authors: PASZKO, Zygmunt PRONASZKO, Alicja GADEK, Andrzej

Work performed at: Department of Neoplasm Biology (Zaklad Biologii Nowotworow), Mar Sklodowska-Curie Oncology Institute (Instytut Onkologii im. Ma

Sklodowskiej-Curie), Warsaw; Director: Prof. K. DUX, Dr.

Institute of Experimental Pathology (Zaklad Patologii Doswiadeza Polish Academy of Sciences (PAN--Polska Akademia Nauk), /warsay Director: Prof. L. PASZKIEWICZ, Dr.

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DUX, Kazimierz; GADEK, Andrzej

Leydig-cell adenomas in testes implanted to female rats. Nowotwory 13 no.2:113-123 '63.

1. Z Zakladu Biologii Nowotworow Instytutu Onkologii im.
Marii Sklodowskiej-Curie w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med.
K. Dux i z Zakladu Patologii Doswiadczalnej PAN Kierownik:
prof. dr med. L. Paszkiewicz.

(LEYDIG CELL TUMOR) (NEOPLASMS, EXPERIMENTAL)

(TESTES) (TRANSPLANTATION)

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PASZKO, Zygmunt; GADEK, Andrzej; PRONASZKO, Alicja

Studies on the determination of pituitary genadotropins. IV. Characteristics of the HMG-PLI standard domestic genadotropin. Endokr. Pol. 14 no.6:513-526 N-D 163.

l. Zaklad Biologii Nowatworow Instytutu Onkologii im. Marii Sklodowskiej-Curie w Warszawie (Dyrektor; prof. dr W. Jasinski Kierownik: Zakladu; prof. dr K. Lux) i Zaklad Patalogii Doswiadczalnej Polskiej Akademii Nauk (Kierownik; prof. dr I. Paszkiewicz).

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Studies on the determination of pituitary gonadotropins in the urine. II. On variable sensitivity of mice used for biological tests. Postepy hig.med.dosw. 17 no.6:831-838 N-D'63

1. Z Zakladu Niologii Nowotworow Instytutu Chkologii im. Marii Sklodowskiej-Curie w Warszawie (kierownik: prof.dr. K.Dux) oraz z Zakladu Patologii Doswiadczalnej PAN (kierownik: prof.dr. L.Passkiewicz).

PASZKO, Zygmuni, GADG , Andrawj; PRONASZKO, Alleja

Studies on methods of binassay of pitultary gon in ropins. Iff. On the possibility of employing a standard for determination of pituitary gonadotropins in unine. Arch. imaum. there exp. 12 no.55635-644 *64

1. Department of Biology of Tumors, The Maria iklodowsks-Curie Institute of Oncology, Warsaw Institute of Experimental Saunc-logy, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw.

Methods of prognosticating the outbreak of Choristoneura (Cacoecia) murinana Hb. (Lepidoptera, Tortricidae). Sylwan 104 no.4:35-43 Ap '60.

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GADEK, W.

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(CARDIOLOGY) (BIBLIOGRAPHY)

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USSR / Microbiology. Microbes, Pathogenic to Man and Animals. General Problems.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 5, 1959, No. 19550

Author : Mel'nikov, V. N.; Gadeleva, A. D.

Inst : Ufim Scientific-Research Institute of Vaccines

and Sera

Title : Concerning the Effect of Intervals Between

Immunizations on the Titers of Agglutinizing

Sera

Orig Pub : Tr. Ufimsk. n.-i. in-ta vaktsin i syvorotok,

1957, vyp 4, 75-79

Abstract : No abstract given

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GADEL'SHIN, K.A.

GADEL'SHIN, K.A. -- "Methods of Teaching Russian Literary Pronunciation and Crthography in Connection with the Course in Phonetics in the Fifth Class of the Komi Schools." Academy of Pedagogical Sciences RSFSR, Sci Res Inst of Teaching Methods, Syktyvar, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in PEDAGOGICAL SCIENCES)

SO: KMIZHMAYA LETOPIS' (Book Register) No 42, October 1956, Moscow

ACC NR:-AP5023329-SOURCE CODE: UR/0317/65/000/003/0048/0051 AP7002h59 AUTHOR: Gader, Ya. (Engineer, Major in Hungarian People's Army) ORG: none TITLE: Dosimetric school supplies SOURCE: Takhnika i vooruzheniye, no. 3, 1965, 48-51 TOPIC TAGS: radiation dosimeter, irradiation, dosimeter gamma reliation, transitor IKH-2 desimeter, IKH-3M do ainster, IKH-12 do ainster ABSTRACT: Three types of transistorized radiation dosimeters used in the Hungarian People's Army are described. The IKh-2 portable field dosimeter is capable of measuring γ-and β-gamma radiation up to 200 reontgen/hr in three ranges. It is immune to 3-g acceleration and vibration up to 30 cps. It is powered by a 1.2-V battery cell and may be operated continuously up to 40 hr. It weighs 2 kg. The IKh-3M x-ray meter which may be mounted on-board vehicles is capable of measuring γ -radiation with intensity of up to 500 roentgen/hr in four ranges. It can withstand 30 cps vibration and 2-g acceleration. It may be powered by the vehicle power supply. At 12 V it consumes less than 0.8 amps. Its weight is 10.3 kg. The IKh-12 portable radiometer can detect f- and γ-radiation directly and α-radiation indirectly in four ranges. The maximum measurable y-radiation dose is 500 roentgen/hr and 5x106 disintegrations/ min cm^2 corresponding to γ -radiation. The equipment is waterproof and can withstand 30-cps vibration and 3-g acceleration. It is powered by a 1.2-V battery and may be Card

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perated continuation of all three in	ouously for 40 hr. astruments is ±20% a o to 50C. An addit	it a temperature o	f 20 \pm 5C. The wor	rking temperatur	re
adiation. It	consists of a varia art. has: 7 figure	ble dc bridge and	may be used with	ı all three dosi	L-
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GADETSKIY, C.G.; PYATOV, N.T.

Effect of pair correlations on E 1-transitions in deformed nuclei. Izv. AN SSSR.Ser. fiz. 29 no.5:830-837 My '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Laboratoriya teoreticheskoy fiziki Obⁿyedinennogo instituta yadernykh issledovaniy.

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ZHABOTINSKAYA, L.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; GADEVAL'DT, V.V., inzh. (Novosibirsk)

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yards. Zhel. dor. transp. 40 no.9:38-39 S 58. (MIRA 11:10)
(Railroads--Yards) (Railroads--Track)

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DZHGAMAIZE, O.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; IAZEBNIKOV, Yu.S., kand.tekhn.nauk;

LEBEDEV, A.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; GADEVAL'DT, V.V., inzh.; OZERSKIY,

S.Z., inzh.

"Froblems in planning of railroads with electric and diesel traction"
by [prof.] A.I.Jonnásian and others. Reviewed by O.V.Dzhgamadze
and others. Transp. stroi. 10 no.11:59-60 N '60. (MRA 13:11)

(Railroad engineering) (Ioannisian, A.I.)

(Gorinov, A.V.) (Akimov, V.I.) (Kantor, I.I.)

(Kondratchenko, A.P.) (Savchenko, M.E.) (Turbin, I.V.)
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YERILOV, I.S., inzh.; GADEVAL'DT, V.V., dotsent

Analyzing the layout of through division stations of single-track railroad lines. Trudy NIIZHT no.29:150-160 '62. (MIRA 16:10)

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A STANDARD STANDARD SERVICE SE

GADIDOV, N.; STANESCU, S.; IONISCU, N.

Biology and fishing of <u>Sarda sarda</u> Bloch in the Rumanian waters of the Black Sea in 1954-1956. p. 165.

HIDROBIOLOGIA. (Academia Republici Populare Romine. Comisie de Hidrologie, Hidrobiologie si Ihitiologie) Bucuresti, Rumania. Vol. 1, 1958.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EFAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 8, Aug. 1959

Uncl.

I. 45579-66 EWT(1) IJP(c) ACC NR: AP6031192 SOURCE CODE: UR/0041/66/018/005/0097/0100 AUTHOR: Gadionenko, A. Ya. ORG: none TITLE: Periodic motion of a pendulum with a vibrating point of suspension SOURCE: Ukrainskiy matematicheskiy zhurnal, v. 18, no. 5, 1966, 97-100 TOPIC TAGS: nonlinear mechanics, pendulum periodic motion, pendulum vihrating suspen adon' ABSTRACT: The problem of the periodic motions of a pendulum whose suspension vibrates according to the law $x(t) = a \cos \nu t$; $y(t) = b \sin (\nu t + \chi)$; (1) where a, b, x are constants is analyzed. The equation of motion of a pendulum with a vibrating point of suspension is taken in the form $\ddot{a} + \frac{gl}{l^3 + Q^3} \sin \alpha = -\frac{l}{l^3 + Q^3} (x \cos \alpha + y \sin \alpha) - \lambda_1 \dot{\alpha},$ (2) Card

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where α is the angle of swing at the instant t, ℓ is its reduced length, S the radius of inertia with respect to the center of mass, λ_1 and g are damping and gravitational factors, respectively, and it is assumed that

$$\frac{a}{l} = s \ll 1, \quad \frac{b}{l} = s r \ll 1, \quad \lambda_1 = s \lambda \ll 1, \quad \frac{\varrho}{l} \ll 1. \tag{3}$$

By taking expressions (1) and (3) into account and introducing new variables τ and ϕ for t and α , differential equation (1) is transformed into a form which is later reduced to a system of first-order differential equations. To solve this system, the method of averaging is applied and the first approximation equations are derived. The state of equilibrium ϕ^* is determined and the conditions under which ϕ^* is asymptotically stable are derived. Assuming that ϕ^* is a stable state of equilibrium of the first approximation equation, the periodic solution of the transformed equation (1) in the neighborhood of ϕ^* is constructed as the limit of successive approximations. Orig. art. has: 20 formulas.

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ACC NR: AP6021252

SOURCE CODE: UR/0041/66/018/002/0102/0106

AUTHOR: Gadionenko, A. Ya. (Kiev)

ORG: none

26 B

TITLE: Resonance oscillations and rotations of a pendulum with a vibrating point of suspension

SOURCE: Ukr matem zh, v. 18, no. 2, 1966, 102-106

TOPIC TAGS: pendulum motion, ordinary differential equation, approximation method, nonlinear oscillation

ABSTRACT: Resonance effects in the motion of a pendulum suspended from a vibrating point are studied by application of the method of averaging developed for nonlinear constitutions: $x(t) = a \cos xt$

 $y(t) = b \sin(\nu t + \chi),$

Under a limiting assumption regarding the constants a and b, the pendulum motion equation is expressed in the form:

 $\alpha + \beta^2 \sin \alpha = \epsilon_1 v^2 \cos vt \cos \alpha + \epsilon_2 v^2 \sin (vt + \chi) \sin \alpha - \epsilon_2 \lambda \alpha$

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GADIYEV, S. G.

Gadiyev, S. G.

"The Technology of Modern Exploitation of Maritime Deep-Pump Directed and Two-Column Cil Wells and Methods of Perfecting it." Acad Sci USSR. Inst of Petroleum. Moscow, 1955. (Disseration for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences.)

Knizhnaya Letopis': No. 27, 2 July 1955.

GADIYEV, S. G.

"Negative Centrifugal Force of Deep Well Pumps and Some Methods for Its Elimination"

Transactions of the Petroleum Institute, Acad. Sci. USSR, v. 11, Oil Field Industry, Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958. 346pp.

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GADIYEV, Seid Gasym Mir-Ragim; MAKLAKOVA, L.F., ved. red.; VORONCVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

(Characteristics of cluster drilling) Osobennosti ekspluatatsii kustovykh skvazhin. Moskva, Gostoptekhizdat, 1963. 182 p.

(MIRA 16:10)

(Oil well drilling)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

Megative tangential force in deep-well pump drives and means for eliminating them. Trudy Inst.nefti 11:170-183 '58.

(Oil well pumps)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000513930009-1"

Sov/93-58-7-9/17

AUTHOR:

Geyman, M.A. and Gadiyev, S.M.

TITLE:

Operation of Dual Wells (Ekspluatataiya dvukhstvol'nykh skyazhiz.)

PERIODICAL: Neftyamoye khozyaystvo , 1958, Nr 7, pp. 44-51 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article states that hundreds of dual wells have been drilled at the Knybyshevmeft', Bashmeft', Dagneft', Azneft', and Artemneft' (Azerbaydzhan SSR) oilfields and that the number of dual and multiple wells will greatly increase during the new five year plan. The available equipment for the operation of dual and multiple wells do not satisfy the technical requirements. A study of inclined wells at Stalingeft' disclosed that drill pipes frequently break at the joints. This failure is corrected by installing used plungers from 56 millimeter pipe pumps at the highly inclined sectors in the well. At GrozNII the tool joints, the drill pipes, and the pump pipes are protected against wear by rubber devices, and in Romania by textolite devices. In the United States wear is reduced by employing long-stroke deep well pumps with hydraulic drive. The American method was suggested in the Soviet Union in 1947 by M.G. Geyman (Patent No. 69431), but it was never introduced in the industry. A study of tool joints has determined that ground joints with hard bands are most resistant to wear. The authors of the present article maintain that wear due to friction can be reduced by empliying special hollow tubular rods with upset ends and locking joints. Among The other problems of dual well operation are the difficulties presented by the deep well pumps in wells of high gas or sand content as at the 4th bilfield of Artenneft', Banka-Darvina. Gurgyanneft', Bukhta Il'icha, and Dagmorneft'. Card 1/2

Sov/93-58-7-9/17

Operation of unal Wells

Efficient operation of dual wells can be achieved with the aid of well head equipment which will simultaneously cap several holes in the area and provide for the separation of the yields from the individual wells. Fig. 1 shows twopossible layouts of well head equipment for free flowing dual wells. Fig. 2 shows the layout of well head equipment for dual wells operated by deep well pumps. Fig. 3 shows the special deep well pump gear designed by the Institut nefti (Petroleum Institute) AN SSSR for the exploitation of dual wells. Fig. 4 shows hydrawlic gear for deep well pumps employed in dual well operation. The authors state that the stationary derricks or masts employed for dual wells do not satisfy the technical requirements and must be replaced by portable derricks. The uselessness of stationary derricks is reflected in the operation of the Izberbash offshore oilfield, where subsurface repairs are carried out by employing portable hoists and "Bakinets 2" masts. The authors conclude that the equipment for the operation of dual and multiple wells must be improved before planning the development of new oilfields. There are 4 figures.

Card 2/2 1. Drilling machines--Equipment

GEYMAN, M. A. ; GADIYEV, S. M.

Deep well pump drives to be used in wells drilled by the dual bore cluster drilling method. Azerb. neft. khoz. 39 no.7:32-33 J1 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

(Oil well pumps)

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GEYMAN, M.A.; GADIYEV, S.M.; UGOLEV, V.S.

Physical modeling of a deep well pump drive. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 3 no.12:43-49 '60. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy zaochnyy politekhnicheskiy institut. (Oil well pumps--Models)

CEYMAN, M.A.; GADIYEV, S.M.

Measuring instrument for studying the dynamic theory of a deep well pump. Azerb. neft. khoz. 39 no.12:29-32 D '60.

(Oil well pumps) (Tensiometers)

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GADIYEV, S.M.; LAZAREVICH, I.A.; MURAV'YEV, V.M., red.; GIRBASOVA.
Ye.I., ved. red.; LAKANOVA, I.S., tekhn. red.

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(Apsheron Peninsula-Trace elements)

.14 (5), 3 (5) AUTHORS:

Gorin, V. A., Gadiyeva, T. M.

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TITLE:

Petroleum Volcanic Necks and Asphaltic Pebble in Pliouene Deposits of the Apsheron Peninsula (Neftevulkanicheskiye nekki i asfal'tovaya gal'ka v otlozheniyakh pliotsena

Apsheronskogo poluostrova)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 126, Nr 2,

pp 344-347 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In the tectonic scheme of the western edge of the Yuzhno-Kaspiyskaya (South Caspian) depression, the Apsheron Peninsula takes the place of the northern Apsheron wall of the mesozoic structural stage (Ref 1). Ranges of now active and fossil mud- (mud-petroleum)-volcano and natural gas outlets (Fig 1) stretch along the north-west and south-east edge of this wall. Discovered by the author, these necks and dykes at the bottom of the productive mass are directly connected to the northern edge of the said wall, where very rich petroleum deposits are (Figs 2, 3). Moreover, the deposits of asphaltic pebbles (Ref 4) in the sediments of the Apsheron stage (Fig 4) are also connected to the said wall. The fossil petroleum-volcanic necks and dykes with their related now active mud-volcanoes

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stretch, as a narrow strip along a break-gorge. Here, on the continuation of a strip of fossil mud-volcanoes, and in the vicinity (Ref 2), numerous necks and dykes are to be found at the bottom of the productive mass. The origin of these necks is connected to the long working effect of almost perpendicularly-rising streams of a very gaseous petroleum. These streams have polished the side-walls of the almost perpendicular canals. Isolated necks measure 2-3 meters across, but also sometimes form groups, and with an increasing diameter the unite to a single large neck. They are also formed of breccias, in which petroleum has replaced water. The said necks and dykes prove an earlier perpendicular migration of petroleum and natural gas into the productive mass of the Apsheron Peninsula, and the saturation of this mass with petroleum. They penetrated a considerable part of the now washed-out productive mass. Their roots are connected to petroleum and natural gas deposits of the lower structural stage. The component composition of the bitumen, out of the spiralis chalk, proved (on the authority of T. M. Digurova) to be analogous to that of the substage of the

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Kirmakinskaya suite. Large lumps of such chalk are also erupted by the mud-volcances. All this is an important proof (Refs 2, 3) of the fact, that the petroleum and natural gas deposits in the productive mass, are formed by a perpendicular migration out of the sediments laying beneath. Thus a genetical connection between the petroleum-natural gas-(mud-)-volcanism, the deep-seated fractures and the perpendicular migration of hydrocarbon, and the formation of exceedingly rich petroleum and natural gas fields was proved. Also the southern zone of the northern Apsheron wall proves the above statement. Figure 4 shows samples of "petroleum" pebbles, taken by T. M. Gadiyeva. There are 4 figures and 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut geologii Akademii nauk AzerbSSR (Geological Institute of the AS Azerbaydzhan SSR)

Card 3/4

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Izv. AN Azerb. SSR, Ser. geol.-geog. nauk no.4:51-61 '60.

(Azerbaijan--Rocks, Sedimentary)

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Lithology of the Amsheron deposits of the Amsheron Peninsula. Dokl. AN Agerb.SSR 16 no.7:675-679 '60. (MIRA 13:9)

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